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AT the Court at *St. James's*, the 17th Day of *December* 1746.

PRESENT,

The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intitled, "An Act to enable his Majeſty to "make Rules, Orders, and Re- "gulations, more effectually to prevent the "ſpreading of the Diſtemper which now rages "amongſt the horned Cattle in this Kingdom;" it is enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for his Majeſty, his Heirs, and Succeſſors, by and with the Advice of his or their Privy Council, from time to time, to make ſuch Rules, Orders, and Regulations, or to vary or repeal the ſame, as he or they ſhall judge moſt expedient and effectual in Great-Britain, Ireland, and all other his Majeſty's Dominions, for putting a Stop to, or preventing the ſpreading of the ſaid Diſtemper; and whoſoever ſhall offend againſt any ſuch Rules, Orders, Regulations, or Variations, being convicted thereof before any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace for any County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, or Town Corporate, where ſuch Offence ſhall be committed, are made ſubject to the Penalty of Ten Pounds; one Moiety to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Poor of the Pariſh; to be levied by Diſtreſs; and in Default of Diſtreſs, the Offender to be committed by ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices to the Houſe of Correction for three Months; and that ſuch Rules, Orders, and Regulations ſhall be publickly read upon the next Sunday after the Receipt of the ſame, and the firſt Sunday in every ſubſequent Month, during the Time the ſame ſhall continue in Force, immediately after the Prayers, in all Pariſh Churches, Chapels, and other Places ſet apart for divine Worſhip; and every ſuch Order, Rule and Regulation, ſhall be kept by the Miniſter of every Pariſh Church, Chapel, or Place, who ſhall permit any Perſon reſiding within his Pariſh, Chapelry, or Place, to read the ſame, during the Time ſuch Rule, Order, or Regulation ſhall continue in Force. And it is further enacted by the ſaid Act, That the Removal, Driving, or Sale of every Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer, or Heifer, contrary to any ſuch Rule, Order, or Regulation, ſhall be deemed a diſtinct and ſeparate Offence within the Intent and Meaning of the ſaid Act.

And whereas, in purſuance of the Powers thereby veſted in the Crown, his Majeſty was pleaſed, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, on the 12th Day of March laſt, to make ſeveral Rules, Orders, and Regulations, for the more effectual putting a Stop to the ſpreading of the ſaid Diſtemper amongſt the horned Cattle: And for the better Notification thereof, his Majeſty cauſed the ſame to be printed and publiſhed, and diſtributed to every Pariſh throughout the Kingdom; yet notwithſtanding the ſame, his Majeſty hath received Information, that through the Neglect of the Officers, and others appointed to carry the ſaid Order into Execution, divers infected Cattle have been ſuffered to be drove to Fairs, Markets, and Towns; and that the Hides of infected Cattle have been likewiſe ſuffered to be carried thither; by Means whereof the Diſtemper hath not only been continued, but ſpread into many Parts of the Kingdom; and that notwithſtanding the Juſtices of the Peace were empowered by the aforementioned Order to appoint proper Perſons to be Inſpectors of the Cattle, Grounds, &c. in their reſpective Diſtricts, yet that few or none had been appointed; His Majeſty taking the ſame into Conſideration, and being deſirous of contributing, as far as in him lies, to the putting a Stop to the ſpreading thereof, which if not timely prevented, may end in the entire Deſtruction of the horned Cattle, doth therefore, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, hereby order, require, and command, that for the Space of three Calendar Months, to be computed and begin from the Twenty ſeventh Day of this Inſtant December, no Perſon do ſend, drive, or remove, or cauſe to be driven, ſent, or removed, any Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer, or Heifer, out of

[Price Four-pence]

of any Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place whatſoever, within that Part of Great-Britain called England, to any Fair, Market, or any other Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place whatſoever, within that Part of Great-Britain called England; or do buy, ſell, or expoſe or offer to Sale, any Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer, or Heifer, in any ſuch Fair, Market, Town, Pariſh, or extraparochial Place whatſoever, except fat Cows and Oxen ready for immediate Slaughter. And for the greater Certainty, that ſuch fatted Cattle are not infected, or come from any infected Place or Herd, his Majeſty doth hereby further require and command, that no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever do, for and during the ſaid Term of three Months, buy, ſell, or expoſe, or offer to Sale, or cauſe to be bought, ſold, or expoſed, or offered to Sale, in any Fair, Market, or any Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place whatſoever, within that Part of the Kingdom of Great-Britain called England, or to drive, remove, or ſend, or cauſe to be driven, removed, or ſent to any Fair, Market, or other Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place whatſoever, within that Part of the Kingdom of Great-Britain called England, any ſuch fatted Beaſt or Beaſts, unleſs the Owner or Owners of ſuch Beaſt or Beaſts ſhall deliver, or cauſe to be delivered to the Conſtable, or other Officer attending ſuch Fair or Market, or to the Clerk of ſuch Market, or to ſome Inſpector or Inſpectors, appointed or to be appointed to attend ſuch Fair or Market, (which Inſpector or Inſpectors the Juſtices of the Peace in their ſeveral Diviſions are hereby authorized and required to appoint,) in Caſe the ſame ſhall be driven, removed, or ſent to, or ſhall be ſold, or expoſed, or offered to Sale, in any Fair or Market; or otherwiſe to one of the Churchwardens, Overſeers of the Poor, or Conſtables of the Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place, to which ſuch Beaſt or Beaſts ſhall be driven, removed, or ſent, or where ſuch Beaſt or Beaſts ſhall be ſold, or expoſed, or offered to Sale, or to ſome Inſpector to be appointed by the Juſtices of the Peace in that Behalf, a Certificate under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, or Town Corporate, from whence ſuch Beaſt or Beaſts ſhall be brought, ſpecifying the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode of the Owner or Owners of ſuch Beaſt or Beaſts; and that, upon Examination on Oath of one or more credible Perſon or Perſons, it appeared to him or them, that the ſaid Beaſt or Beaſts, and the Herd or Herds, out of which the ſame was or were taken, was or were, and had been, for the Space of ſix Weeks next before the Date of ſuch Certificate, intirely free from the ſaid Diſtemper or Infection.

And his Majeſty doth hereby further require and command, that no Perſon or Perſons ſhall, from and after the ſaid Twenty ſeventh Day of this Inſtant December, buy, ſell, or expoſe, or offer to Sale, or cauſe to be bought, ſold, or expoſed, or offered to Sale, in any Fair, or Market, or any Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place whatſoever, within that Part of the Kingdom of Great-Britain called England, or ſhall bring or ſend, or cauſe to be brought or ſent to any Fair, Market, or Town, Pariſh or Extraparochial Place whatſoever, within that Part of the Kingdom of Great-Britain, called England, any raw Hide or Skin of any Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer, or Heifer, unleſs the Owner or Owners of ſuch Hide or Skin ſhall deliver, or cauſe to be delivered, to ſome Conſtable, Clerk, Churchwarden, Overſeer of the Poor, Inſpector, or other Officer as aforeſaid, as the Caſe ſhall happen to be, a Certificate, under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals of one or more Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, ſpecifying the Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode of the Owner or Owners of ſuch Hide or Skin; and that upon Examination on the Oath of one or more credible Perſon or Perſons, it appeared to him or them, that the Beaſt, from which ſuch Hide or Skin was taken, was ſound and free from Infection.

And for the more eaſy carrying this Order into Execution, his Majeſty doth hereby require and command, That the aforeſaid Oath or Oaths ſhall and may be adminiſtered by the Rector, Vicar, or Curate, and atteſted by one of the Churchwardens, or Overſeers of the Poor of the Pariſh or Place, from whence ſuch Beaſt or Beaſts, Hide or Skin, ſhall be brought or removed, in caſe no Juſtice of the Peace ſhall be reſident at that Time within three Miles of ſuch Pariſh or Place; and that ſuch Oath or Oaths ſo adminiſtered, certified, and atteſted, ſhall be as effectual as if the ſame had been adminiſtered and certified by a Juſtice of the Peace of ſuch County, Riding, Diviſion, City, Liberty, or Town Corporate.

And his Majeſty doth hereby further require and command the Churchwardens, Overſeers of the Poor, Conſtables, and Inſpectors, or ſome or one of them, to ſtop any Ox, Bull, Cow, Calf, Steer, or Heifer, herein before prohibited to be removed, and to carry the Offender or Offenders before ſome Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, to be dealt with according to Law; and alſo to ſtop any Fatted Ox or Cow in any Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place through which ſuch Ox or Cow ſhall be driven, or intended to be driven, to any Market, Fair, Town, Pariſh, or Extraparochial Place, for Sale; and likewiſe any Hide or Skin which ſhall be carried, or intended to be carried through ſuch Town, Pariſh,

riſh, or Extraparochial Place, to any Fair, Market, Town, Pariſh, or other Extraparochial Place, for Sale; unleſs ſuch Certificate or Certificates, as are before required to be delivered upon the Sale of ſuch fatted Beaſt, Hide and Skin, be produced to him or them; and, in caſe no ſuch Certificate or Certificates be produced, then to carry the Offender or Offenders before ſome Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, to be dealt with according to Law.

And whereas it has been found by Experience, that nothing can contribute ſo effectually to prevent the ſpreading of the ſaid Diſtemper, as by killing the Cattle when it firſt appears upon them, before it begins to be infectious, and communicates itſelf to the reſt of the Herd, ſo it is of abſolute Neceſſity that Inſpectors ſhould be appointed for that Service: His Majeſty doth therefore hereby impower and require the Juſtices of the Peace of the ſeveral Counties, Ridings, Diviſions, Cities, Liberties, and Towns Corporate, to appoint one or more Inſpector or Inſpectors of the Houſes, Buildings, Grounds, and Cattle in their reſpective Diviſions, where any Infection now is, or hereafter ſhall appear to be, for the Purpoſes contained in his Majeſty's Order of Council of the ſaid Twelfth Day of March laſt, and of this Order; who are to take care that ſuch infected Cattle be killed as ſoon as the Diſtemper ſhall appear upon them, and to do every other Thing according to the ſaid Orders, and ſuch Inſtructions as they ſhall receive from the ſaid Juſtices, from Time to Time, to anſwer the Ends thereof.

And his Majeſty doth hereby further order, That no Perſon or Perſons do buy, ſell, or expoſe, or offer to Sale, or cauſe to be bought, ſold, or expoſed, or offered to Sale, the Milk, Carcaſe, Fleſh, Fat, or Intrails, or any Part of any infected Beaſt; or feed, or cauſe to be fed, any Hog, Calf, Lamb, or any other Animal therewith.

And whereas it is of abſolute Neceſſity, that the Hides and Skins, as alſo the Horns, and every other Part of any infected Beaſt that ſhall die of the ſaid Diſtemper, ſhould be buried with the Carcaſe, and that the Hides ſhould be ſlaſhed and cut in the ſame Manner as is required by his Majeſty's aforementioned Order of Council of the Twelfth of March laſt, to be obſerved with reſpect to the Cattle that are directed to be ſhot, or otherwiſe killed. And whereas a due Compliance therewith may be attended with ſome Loſs to the Proprietors of ſuch Cattle; his Majeſty, in Conſideration thereof, doth hereby promiſe, That the ſaid Proprietors ſhall be paid for every Ox, Bull, or Cow, that ſhall die of the ſaid Diſtemper, and be buried in the Manner required by the firſt Article in his Majeſty's aforementioned Order of Council, any Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings, the Numbers, and Values, and Conformities to the above Rules, to be aſcertained in like Manner as is required by the aforementioned Order in Council, with reſpect to ſuch Cattle as ſhall be ſhot, or otherwiſe killed, ſlaſhed, and buried.

And whereas the Lords of his Majeſty's Privy Council did, by their Order on the Twenty fifth of November, One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty five, nominate and appoint certain Juſtices of the Peace, to take due Order and Care in relation to the infected Cattle in the County of Middleſex, by purſuing the ſame Methods that were uſed in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifteen, which Juſtices have appointed Inſpectors or Surveyors, and have, from time to time, reported to the Lords of his Majeſty's Privy Council, their Proceedings therein. And whereas it will create a great and unneceſſary Expence, if the Juſtices of the Peace ſhould appoint particular Inſpectors for every Diviſion in the ſaid County of Middleſex, his Majeſty doth therefore hereby require and command, That the Juſtices named in the ſaid Order, do proceed in the Execution of the ſame, and do likewiſe put in Execution his Majeſty's Order of Council of the Twelfth Day of March laſt, and this preſent Order, within the County of Middleſex.

And his Majeſty doth hereby ratify and confirm all the Rules, Orders, and Regulations, and alſo all and every other Part of his aforementioned Order in his Privy Council of the Twelfth of March laſt, unleſs where the ſame is varied by this preſent Order. And his Majeſty doth hereby ſtrictly charge and command all his Juſtices of the Peace, Conſtables, Churchwardens, and Overſeers, and all Farmers, Cowkeepers, and others, to conform themſelves to what is thereby required, as alſo by this his further Order in his Privy Council.

And his Majeſty being informed, that ſeveral Cow-keepers and Farmers have ſhewn great Unwillingneſs to comply with his Majeſty's ſaid Order in Council of the Twelfth of March laſt, from an Apprehenſion of the Difficulties and Delays that might attend their ſoliciting the Payment of the Rewards or Recompence promiſed by his Majeſty's ſaid Order, his Majeſty doth therefore hereby notify and declare, That the Rewards or Recompence promiſed thereby, ſhall, for the future, be paid, without Fee or Reward, or any Deduction whatſoever, by *John Sharpe* Eſquire, Solicitor of his Majeſty's Treaſury, at his Chambers, N° 11. in *Lincoln's Inn*, or his Aſſiſtant, in whoſe Hands Money ſhall be conſtantly depoſited, to anſwer the Demands of all ſuch Perſons who ſhall bring or ſend Certificates to him in the Manner and Form required.

And

And for the better notifying of this Order, it is his Majeſty's Pleaſure, That the ſame be forthwith printed and publiſhed, and be alſo inſerted in the next *London Gazette*, and be likewiſe read, together with the former Order of Council, in all Pariſh Churches, Chapels, and other Places ſet apart for Divine Worſhip, in the Manner, and at the Times preſcribed by the Act of Parliament aforementioned.

Temple Stanyan.

City, Borough and Town of *Weſtminſter*, in the County of *Middleſex*.

At the General Quarter Seſſion of the Peace of our Lord the King, holden at the Town-Court-Houſe near Weſtminſter-Hall, in and for the Liberty of the Dean and Chapter of the Collegiate Church of St. Peter Weſtminſter, the City, Borough and Town of Weſtminſter, in the County of Middleſex, and St. Martin le Grand, London, by Adjournment, on Wedneſday the 10th Day of December, in the Twentieth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Second, King of Great Britain, &c. before Thomas Burdus, Eſq; Gideon Harvey and Richard Lilly, Doctors of Phyſick, George Howard, William Young, William Jones, Thomas Ellys, George Payne, and Elijah Impey, Eſquires, and others their Fellow Juſtices of our ſaid Lord the King, aſſign'd to keep the Peace within the ſaid Liberty, and alſo to hear and determine divers Felonies, Treſpaſſes, and other Miſdeeds done and committed within the ſaid Liberty.

WHEREAS his Majeſty was heretofore graciouſly pleaſed to ſignify to Thomas Burdus, Eſq; Chairman of the Seſſion of the Peace for this City and Liberty, by Letter of one of his then principal Secretaries of State, that his Majeſty being very much concern'd at the frequent Robberies which then had been committed in the Streets of London and Weſtminſter, and Parts adjacent, which he had been inform'd were greatly to be imputed to the Encouragement given to Rogues and their Accomplices by Perſons who kept Gaming-Houſes, Night-Houſes, Cellars and Places, which were reſorted to by great Numbers of looſe and diſorderly Perſons, and where ſtrong Liquors were drank to Exceſs, which contributed much to the Corruption of the Morals of thoſe of inferior Rank, and to the leading of them into wicked Courſes, to the great Diſhonour of his Majeſty's Government, and the Danger of the Peace and Safety of his People; and that his Majeſty had commanded in the ſtrongeſt Manner to his Juſtices of the Peace for this City and Liberty, to employ their utmoſt Care and Vigilance in preventing and ſuppreſſing thoſe Diſorders, by holding frequent Petty Seſſions for thoſe Purpoſes, by calling before them the High Conſtables, and other proper Officers under their Directions, and giving them the ſtricteſt Orders and Warrants from Time to Time, as there ſhould be occaſion, to ſearch all ſuch Places, and apprehend all ſuch Perſons as aforeſaid, in order to their being dealt with according to Law.

And whereas his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace then did, in Obedience to thoſe Commands, put the ſaid Laws effectually in Execution, whereby the ſaid Evils were then totally ſuppreſſed: And this Court being now informed, that frequent Street Robberies have again lately been committed within this City and Liberty, and being reſolved effectually to ſuppreſs the ſame, doth for that Intent and Purpoſe hereby order, that all the Laws and Statutes of this Realm be put in Execuion againſt all common Gaming-houſes, and Perſons who ſhall keep or uſe the ſame, and againſt all common Gameſters, and Perſons who have no Eſtate, Profeſſion, or Calling to maintain themſelves by, but do for the moſt Part ſupport themſelves by Gaming, and againſt all who ſhall keep lewd and diſorderly Houſes, Night-Houſes or Cellars, and all who ſhall keep any Places or Place, which are or ſhall be reſorted to by looſe, idle, and diſorderly Perſons.

And this Couat being of Opinion, that the better enlightening the Streets, and ſearching the Houſes, Out-houſes, and Buildings of Perſons ſuffering Rogues and Vagabonds to take Shelter therein, will greatly contribute to the preventing of ſuch Street-Robberies, as alſo Murders, Burglaries, Fires, Miſdemeanors, and Debaucheries, and to bringing to Juſtice the Offenders therein, doth order, that an Act of Parliament made in the ſecond Year of the Reign of their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, entitled, 'An Act for paving and cleanſing the Streets in 'the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and 'Suburbs and Liberties thereof, and Out-Pa-'riſhes in the County of Middleſex, and in the 'Borough of Southwark, and other Places 'within the Weekly Bills of Mortality in the 'County of Surry, and for regulating the Mar-'kets therein contained,' be put in Execution, whereby it is (amongſt other Things) enacted, 'That every Houſe-holder, within any of the 'Pariſhes or Places, or Precincts in the Counties 'of Middleſex and Surry, and City and Liberty 'of Weſtminſter, comprized within the Week-'ly Bills of Mortality, whoſe Houſe adjoins 'unto or is near the Street, from Michaelmas 'until Lady-day, yearly, ſhall every Night ſet 'out or hang out Candles or Lights in Lan-'thorns, on the Outſide of the Houſe next the 'Streets, to enlighten the ſame, for the Conve-'niency of Paſſengers from Time to Time, as 'it ſhall grow dark, until Twelve of the Clock

in

'in the Night, upon Pain to forfeit the Sum of 'Two Shillings for every Default (excepting 'ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall agree to make 'Uſe of Lamps of any Sort, to be placed at 'ſuch Diſtances in the Street as ſhall be approved 'of by two or more Juſtices of the Peace.)' And this Court doth further order, that another Act of Parliament made in the 17th Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, entitled, 'An Act 'to amend and make more effectual the Laws 'relating to Rogues, Vagabonds, and other idle 'and diſorderly Perſons, and to Houſes of Cor-'rection,' be alſo put effectually in Execution, whereby it is (amongſt other Things) enacted, 'That if any Perſon ſhall permit or ſuffer any 'Rogue, Vagabond, or incorrigible Rogue, to 'lodge or take Shelter in his or her Houſe, Barn, 'or other Out-houſe or Buildings, and ſhall not 'apprehend and carry ſuch Rogue, Vagabond, 'or incorrigible Rogue, before ſome Juſtice of 'the Peace, or give Notice to ſome Conſtable, 'or other ſuch Officer ſo to do, ſuch Perſon being 'thereof lawfully convicted, either on Confeſſion 'or upon Oath of one or more credible Witneſs 'or Witneſſes, before one or more of his Maje-'ſty's Juſtices of the Peace where ſuch Offence 'ſhall be committed, ſhall forfeit any Sum not 'exceeding Forty Shillings, nor leſs than Ten 'Shillings, one Moiety thereof to the Informer, 'and the other Moiety to the Uſe of the Poor of 'the Pariſh or Place where ſuch Offence ſhall 'be committed, to be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale 'of the Goods and Chattels of ſuch Offender, 'by Warrant from ſuch Juſtice or Juſtices, re-'turning the Overplus (if any) upon Demand, 'after ſuch Forfeiture and Charges of ſuch Di-'ſtreſs ſhall be ſatisfied; and if any Charge ſhall 'be brought from any Pariſh or Place, by Means 'of any ſuch Offence, the ſame ſhall be an-'ſwered to the ſaid Pariſh or Place by ſuch Of-'fender, and be levied by Diſtreſs and Sale of 'his or their Goods and Chattels, as aforeſaid; 'and if ſuch ſufficient Diſtreſs cannot be found, 'ſuch Offender ſhall be committed to the Houſe 'of Correction by the Juſtice or Juſtices, for 'any Time not exceeding one Month.'

And it fully appearing to this Court, that the not putting the ſaid Laws in Execution is occaſioned by want of proper Informations, which might be given to his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, by the Conſtables and other Peace-Officers, who attend the nightly Watches, which hath tended greatly to the Encouragement and Increaſe of the Dangers and Robberies aforeſaid: It is therefore hereby ordered, that it be, and it is hereby recommended to his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for this City and Liberty, that they, and every of them, in their reſpective Pariſhes, do cauſe the ſaid two laſt mentioned Acts of Parliament to be effectually put in Execution, and that they will, as far as in them lies, diſcourage, prevent and ſuppreſs all the Dangers and Miſchiefs aforeſaid; and that they, in their reſpective Pariſhes, require the Conſtables and other Peace-Officers, who ſhall have the Care of the nightly Watch, and ſuch Conſtables and Officers are hereby ordered every Night, within their reſpective Wards, or Conſtableries, diligently to enquire concerning all Perſons who ſhall not contribute to ſuch Lamps, or hang out ſuch Lights as aforeſaid, before their Doors, from Time to Time as it ſhall grow dark, until Twelve of the Clock in every Night; and that the ſaid Conſtables and other Peace Officers ſhall and do in every Night ſearch all Gaming-Houſes, lewd and diſorderly Houſes, Night Houſes and Cellars, and all Houſes, Barns or Buildings, of Perſons who ſhall permit or ſuffer any Rogue or Vagabond to lodge or take Shelter therein; and that the ſaid reſpective Conſtables and Peace-Officers do every Morning, after ſuch Watch and Search, make a juſt and true Return of all the Offenders and Defaulters before-mentioned, to one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, to the End the ſaid Offenders may be proceeded againſt, and dealt with according to Law. And it is hereby recommended to his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, that they hold their Petty Seſſions twice in every Week, at leaſt, from Time to Time, ſo long as Occaſion ſhall require, and call before them the High Conſtable and Petty-Conſtables, and give the ſtricteſt Orders and Warrants to them for making frequent Searches, and uſing all other legal Methods for diſcovering and ſuppreſſing the ſaid Gaming-Houſes, Night-Houſes, and all other the Houſes and Places aforeſaid, and to apprehend, ſeize and ſecure the Keepers thereof, and all Perſons who ſhall be found playing, betting, or concern'd in unlawful Gaming; and to apprehend all and every the diſorderly Perſons harboured or ſheltered in the Houſes or Places aforeſaid; and the ſaid Conſtables and other Peace-Officers are hereby ordered to put ſuch Warrants into immediate Execution, and make ſuch Searches and Seizures, and carry the ſaid Offenders before one or more of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, the next Morning after ſuch Searches, in order to be proſecuted and puniſhed, according to Law. And for the further preventing the Dangers and Miſchiefs aforeſaid, it is alſo order'd, that due Care be taken, that a ſufficient Number of proper and able Watchmen be provided in every Pariſh, for the Guard and Security of the Inhabitants thereof; and that their Stands and Walks be duly regulated, and that they do their Duties; and that they ſeize, apprehend and ſecure all dangerous and ſuſpicious Perſons they ſhall find in the Streets, or elſewhere, in any Evening, or Night, who cannot give any good Account of themſelves, and carry them before ſome Juſtice of the Peace, for the Purpoſes aforeſaid. And it is laſtly ordered, that a convenient Number of this Order be printed and placed in all the publick Parts of this City and Liberty, for the better Notification thereof.

By the Court,

R. FORBES.

Conſtantinople, Nov. 2. The Peace between this Empire and Perſia was publiſhed here, and notified to all the Foreign Miniſters on the 24th paſt, by the Porte's Interpreter, who ſaid in general, that it was concluded upon honourable Terms for the Porte, and that Ambaſſadors would very ſoon be interchanged. It is ſince ſaid, that the Frontiers are to ſtand in the ſame Manner as was agreed upon in the laſt Peace in Sultan Ibrahim's Time. On the 28th M. Benkler had his Audience of the Sultan, as Internuncio from their Imperial and Catholick Majeſties. Advices from Candia mention, that upon three French Men of War coming there, and wanting Proviſions, the Populace was ready to mutiny, and inſiſted upon the Baſhaw's not ſuffering them to buy any. Upon the Baſhaw's ſaying, he left it to them, the Coaſt was ſoon lined with Janiſſaries; and ſome of the French attempting to land to get ſome Water, not knowing of the ſudden Reſolution taken aſhore, they were fired upon, the Turks declaring they ſhould have none, and bidding them go to Cerigo to ſeek it. Orders are given for a Vizir Aga and others to ſet out from hence to meet his Britannick Majeſty's Ambaſſador at Belgrade. The new Dutch Ambaſſador is expected here in the Spring.

Nice, Dec. 4, *N. S.* General Brown, with the Army under his Command, having paſſed the Var on the 30th of laſt Month, the French immediately retired from their Camp at Grace; and the Inhabitants of St. Paul having ſince ſubmitted themſelves, all that Diſtrict (or Viguerie) is in the Power of the Auſtrian General.

Berlin, Dec. 10. His Pruſſian Majeſty has given General Ginckel a large Gold Snuff-Box ſet with Diamonds, and his Majeſty's Picture. The King has alſo conferred the Dignity of a Chamberlain upon M. Ammon his Reſident at the Hague, and augmented his Penſion with 1000 Rixdollars per Annum for Life, and has named him his Miniſter Plenipotentiary to their High Mightineſſes.

Berlin, Dec. 20. The King of Pruſſia and all the Royal Family are in good Health. His Majeſty is to go the latter End of next Week for ſome Days to Potzdam. Count Bredow, formerly at Vienna, who was firſt made Grand Maſter of the Wardrobe, and afterwards Chief and Preſident of Juſtice in the room of the late Baron Dankelman, has reſign'd that Employment, which his Majeſty has conferred upon M. Biſmark, Chancellor of Cuſtrin.

Copenhagen, Dec. 17. This Court having conſidered the Reports from Bergen concerning the Converſion of an Engliſh Prize into a French Privateer, is going to diſpatch Orders to put a Stop to all ſuch Equipments in the Ports of Norway for the future. By a Letter from his Britannick Majeſty's Conſul at Elſenore we are juſt informed, that the Convoy and Merchant Men bound Homewards, who have been detained ſome Time in the Sound by contrary Winds, were all under Sail Yeſterday with a fair Gale for paſſing the Categat.

Copenhagen, Dec. 20, *N. S.* On the 16th Inſtant Count Reuſs was married here to the Marquiſe de Monteleone, Grand Daughter of Count Gyldenſtein. The 18th having been the Anniverſary of the Queen of Denmark's Birth-Day, was celebrated this Year very privately, by Reaſon of the Publick Mourning; but the Court was extremely numerous, and the following Promotions were made on that Occaſion, M. Frederick Holſtein, Brother to the late Grand Chancellor of that Name, Count Lynar Bailiff of Steinberg, Baron Dehn, M. Berkentin Bailiff of Pinnenberg, M. Maſſau Bailiff of Appenrade, were all gratified with the Title of Privy Counſellors: Count Ahlfelds of Langland, Count Raben, and M. Von Stocken, received each of them the Key of Chamberlain. A Contract of Marriage was declared between M. Meſting, one of the King's Chamberlains, and Mademoiſelle Schack, Maid of Honour to the Queen.

Hambourg, Dec. 23. The Imperial Miniſter, or Internuncio, at Conſtantinople, has had his publick Audiences there, notwithſtanding the Intrigues and Oppoſition of France, and even attended with ſome Circumſtances of Diſtinction, and with ſome Prerogatives, which the Porte hitherto had allowed only to the Character of Ambaſſador. And it is farther remarked, that this Audience was given a Fortnight after the Publication of Peace between the Turk and Perſian.

Hague, Dec. 16, *N. S.* His Royal Highneſs the Duke arrived here in perfect Health in the Night between Tueſday and Wedneſday laſt, and was the next Morning complimented by a Deputation from their High Mightineſſes Aſſembly, with the Preſident of the Week at its Head, whom his Royal Highneſs had condeſcended to prevent with a Viſit ſome Hours before; and there has been ever ſince, the greateſt Affluence of Perſons of the firſt Rank, both in the Government and Army, to make their Court to his Royal Highneſs. His Royal Highneſs dined the ſame Day with the Prince of Waldeck; honoured Mr. Trevor with his Preſence at Dinner Yeſterday; and to Night partakes of a Ball and Supper with the Ambaſſador of Ruſſia. His Royal Highneſs deſigns to go in a Day or two into the Hotel de Friſe, which the Prince of Orange has offered him; and has ordered a Part of his Equipages hither from Breda. By ſome Letters from Paris, the French Army in Provence finding itſelf too weak to cover Antibes, has withdrawn the Garriſon of that Town, which it is ſuppoſed will fall into General Brown's Hands as ſoon as he preſents himſelf before it.

Hague, Dec. 20, *N. S.* His Royal Highneſs the Duke was laſt Saturday entertained at Dinner by Count Chavanne, his Sardinian Majeſty's Miniſter here. On Sunday, by Count Welderen, one of the Deputies of Guelderland, and formerly Ambaſſador of the Republick in England. Yeſterday, by Count Harrach, the Imperial

perial Minister. And To-day his Royal Highness dines with the Prince of Hilburgshausen, Commander in Chief of the Bavarian Corps. Yesterday his Royal Highness removed into the Hotel de Frise; and in the Evening honoured with his Presence the Assembly of Madame Schepers, Lady to the Deputy of Rotterdam, in the Committee of State of this Province. Marshal Bathiani is on his Way hither, and expected To-morrow; on which Day Count Wassenaer is to set out from Breda for this Place, on a Visit of a few Days to his Friends. M. de Puysieulx, is, it is said, to set out from thence at the same Time for Amsterdam, to see the Curiosities of that City.

Hague, Dec. 23, N. S. His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland dined last Wednesday with the Honourable M. Bentink, Deputy from the Nobles of this Province to their High Mightinesses Assembly; and in the Evening was entertained at Supper by Baron Reischach, their Imperial Majesties Minister here. Yesterday his Royal Highness did Baron Sporcke, his Majesty's Electoral Minister, the Honour to dine with him; and the same Evening gave a Ball and Supper to the Ladies and Persons of Quality of this Place in his Hotel; and this Evening he sups with Madame Duvenvorde. Marshal Bathiani, and his Lady; the Marquis del Puerto, the new Spanish Ambassador; and M. Finochetti, a new Minister from the Court of Naples, are all arrived here. Count Wassenaer is also hourly expected from Breda; and M. de Puysieulx in a few Days.

Hague, Dec. 27, N. S. On Saturday last Mr. Trevor, his Britannick Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to their High Mightinesses the States General of the United Provinces, delivered to the President of the Week the King his Master's Letter of Revocation. Advices received To-day from Paris, mention the farther Retreat of the French Army on the Side of Toulon, in consequence of Marshal Belleisle's positive Orders not to risque a Battle. General Brown is advanced as far as Draguignan, within eight or ten Leagues of that City, and has exacted Contributions from all the Country through which he has passed. The same Advice mentions an Insurrection which has happened in the City of Genoa, in which a great Number of Austrians have been massacred by the Populace; but Marshal Bathiani has Letters of the same Date, that treat it as an Affair of little Consequence, and as already appeased.

Whitehall, December 18, 1746.

It having been represented to his Majesty, That on the Twentieth Day of November last, a Fire broke out in the Thatch on the Top of the House of William Fowler, at Bampton in the County of Oxford, whereby the same was entirely consumed, as also a large Rick of Beans; and there being great Reason to suspect, that the said House was wilfully and maliciously set on Fire, several Fires having happened within a few Years past, in the said Town. His Majesty, for the better Discovery, and bringing to Justice the Person or Persons, concerned in the said Crime, is pleased to promise his most gracious Pardon to any one of them, who shall discover his, her, or their Accomplice or Accomplices therein, so as he, she, or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

And as a farther Encouragement, the Right Honourable the Earl of Coventry doth hereby promise a Reward of Twenty Pounds to any Person making such Discovery as aforesaid, to be paid by Samuel Child, Esq; and Company, on the Conviction of any of the said Offenders.

William Backell, for Sam. Child, Esq; Sec. and Co.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of his Majesty's Ship the Milford, that the Bounty Money, &c. for Le Lewis Quinsieme, taken on the Coast of Scotland, will be paid at the Three Tun Tavern in Crutched Fryars, on Tuesday the 30th of this Instant December, likewise on Tuesday the 13th of January, and on the first Tuesday in every Month for three Years.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of his Majesty's Ships Captain, Monmouth, and Princess Louisa, who were present at the taking the Catin, a French Privateer, that they may receive their respective Shares of the said Prize, at Mrs. Wydown's, at Plymouth, on Monday the 29th of December Instant. And the Shares that shall remain undemanded, will be paid the first Wednesday in every Month for three Years.

Advertisements.

This Day is Published,

In Four Volumes in Octavo,

(*Price bound* 20 s.)

THE WORKS of the late Right Reverend and Learned Dr. *Francis Hare*, Lord Bishop of *Chichester*.

Printed by *E. Owen*, removed from *Amen-Corner* to *Warwick-Lane*.

TO be peremptorily sold on Wednesday the 21st Day of January next, between the Hours of Four and Six of the Clock in the Afternoon, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Kinaston, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, Several Messuages and Lands thereto belonging, and several Pieces of Rasture Ground, situate in the Towns, Parishes or Precincts of Louth Park, Kemington, otherwise Keddington, otherwise Reddington, and Goldby cum Afterby, in the County of Lincoln, late the Estate of Adrian Metcalfe, Esq; deceased. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers in Lincoln's Inn.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Samuel Burroughs, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers, in Chancery-Lane; A Freehold Estate of the yearly Value of 140 l. with a Reversion of 12 l. per Annum, at West Ashton, in the County of Wilts, ten Miles from Bath, two Miles from Trowbridge, and five Miles from Bradford; the Estate of Thomas Beach of the Inner Temple, Esq; Particulars may be had at the Master's Chambers.

TO be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Robert Holford, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn, on Monday the 9th Day of February next, between the Hours of Eleven and One o'Clock, The Freehold and Leasehold Estates of Sir William Thomson, Kt. late one of the Barons of his Majesty's Court of Exchequer, deceased, consisting of the Manor of Hensington, adjoining to Woodstock, in the County of Oxford, and within six Miles of the City of Oxford; and also of the Manor House, with proper Out-houses, Gardens, and Orchards, and of divers Farms, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments,